

# Solving Simultaneous Equations

## Graphically

### Question Paper

|             |  |
|-------------|--|
| Level       | GCSE                                       |
| Subject     | Maths                                      |
| Exam Board  | Edexcel GCSE                               |
| Topic       | Solving Simultaneous Equations Graphically |
| Grade Level | Grade 5                                    |
| Booklet     | Question Paper                             |

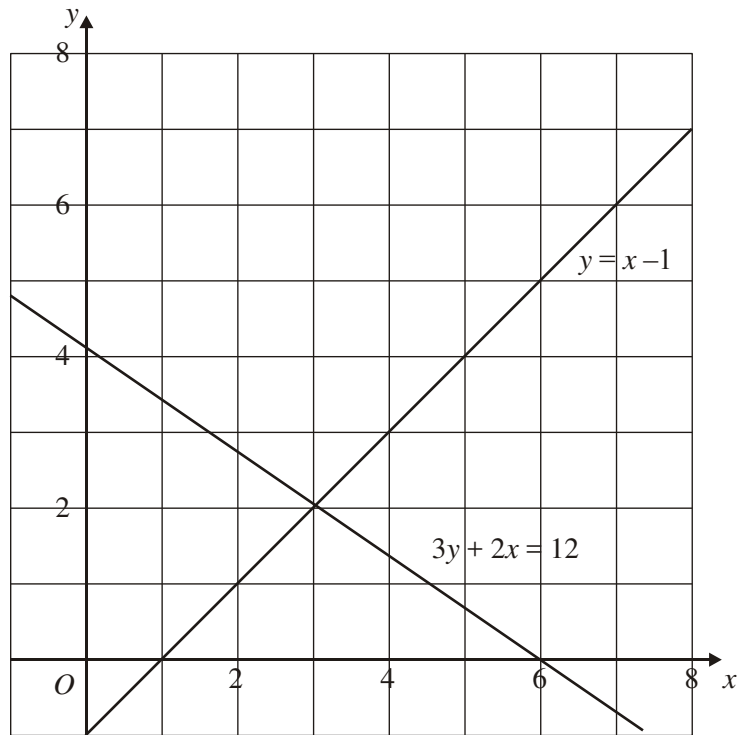
**Time Allowed:** 16 minutes

**Score:** /13

**Percentage:** /100

**Grade Boundaries:**

1. The graphs of the straight lines with equations  $3y + 2x = 12$  and  $y = x - 1$  have been drawn on the grid.



Use the graphs to solve the simultaneous equations

$$3y + 2x = 12$$

$$y = x - 1$$

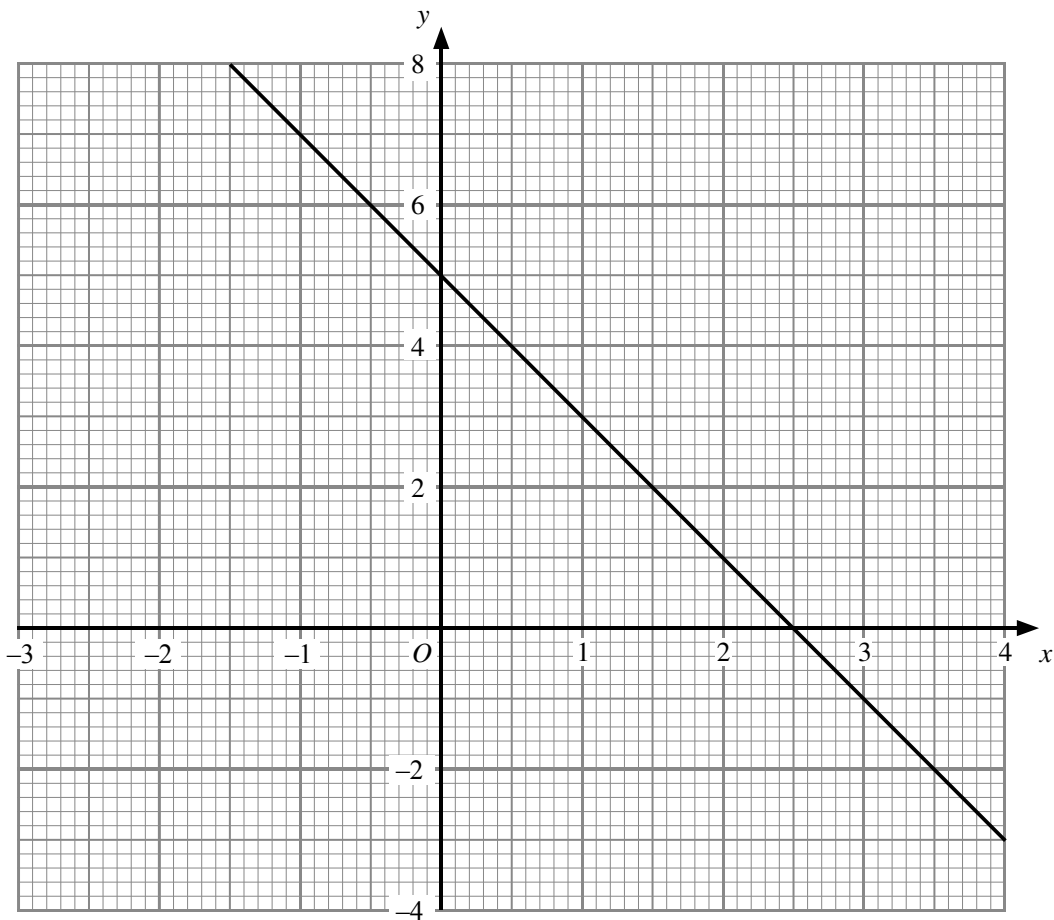
$$x = \dots\dots\dots$$

$$y = \dots\dots\dots$$

(2)

**(Total 2 marks)**

2. The straight line  $y + 2x = 5$  has been drawn on the grid.



(a) Complete this table of values for  $y = 2x - 1$

|     |    |    |   |   |   |   |
|-----|----|----|---|---|---|---|
| $x$ | -1 | 0  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| $y$ |    | -1 |   | 3 | 5 |   |

(2)

(b) On the grid, draw the graph of  $y = 2x - 1$

(2)

(c) Use your diagram to solve the simultaneous equations

$$y + 2x = 5$$

$$y = 2x - 1$$

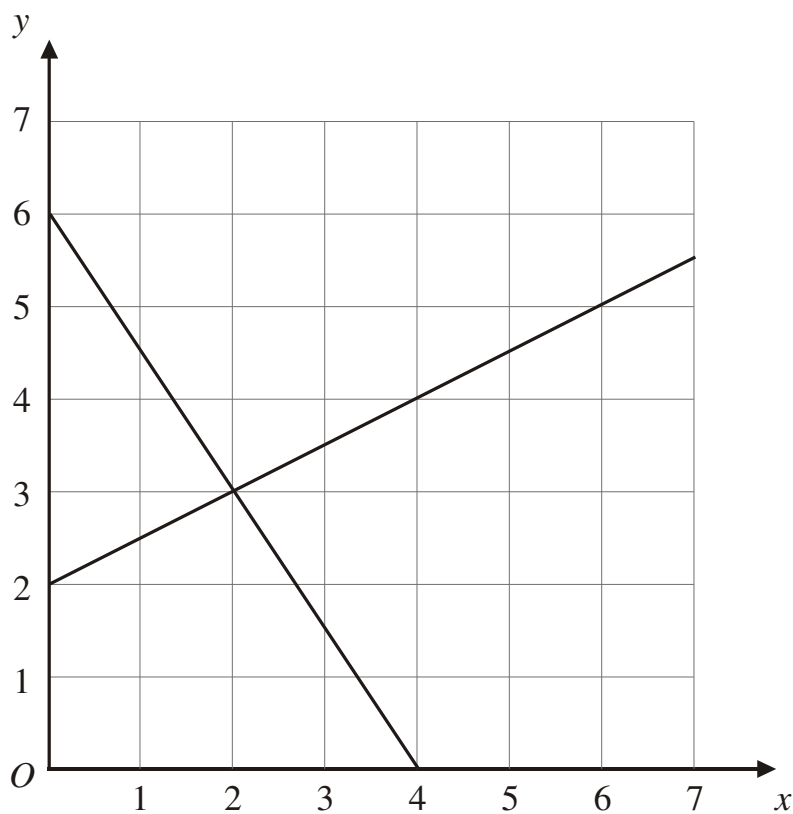
$$x = \dots\dots\dots$$

$$y = \dots\dots\dots$$

(2)

**(Total 6 marks)**

3.



The diagram shows graphs of  $y = \frac{1}{2}x + 2$   
and  $2y + 3x = 12$

(a) Use the diagram to solve the simultaneous equations

$$y = \frac{1}{2}x + 2$$

$$2y + 3x = 12$$

$x = \dots\dots\dots y = \dots\dots\dots$

(2)

(Total 2 marks)

4.

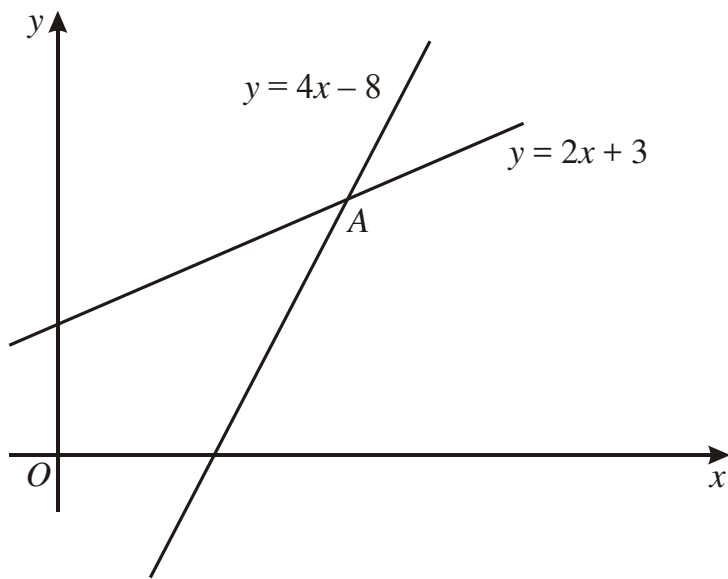


Diagram **NOT** accurately drawn

The diagram shows two straight lines intersecting at point  $A$ .  
The equations of the lines are

$$y = 4x - 8$$
$$y = 2x + 3$$

Work out the coordinates of  $A$ .

(....., .....) )

**(Total 3 marks)**