

Group 1

Question Paper

Level	Edexcel
Subject	Chemistry
Exam Board	GCSE(9-1)
Topic	Groups in the Periodic Table
Sub Topic	Group 1
Booklet	Question Paper

Time Allowed: 51 minutes

Score: /42

Percentage: /100

1 Lithium, sodium and potassium all react with cold water.

(a) Lithium, sodium and potassium are in group 1 of the periodic table.

Complete the sentence by putting a cross (☒) in the box next to your answer.

These elements are

(1)

- A halogens
- B noble gases
- C transition metals
- D alkali metals

(b) When sodium is added to cold water, it forms a molten ball which floats on the surface of the water.

Explain why this happens.

(2)

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(c) Write the balanced equation for the reaction of sodium with water.

(3)

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2 Lithium, sodium and potassium are metals in group 1 of the periodic table. They are good conductors of heat and electricity. The freshly-cut metals are shiny.

(a) (i) Give another physical property of all three of these metals.

(1)

(ii) Explain, in terms of electrons in their atoms, why lithium, sodium and potassium are in group 1 of the periodic table.

(2)

(b) A small piece of potassium is added to water.

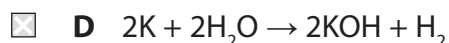
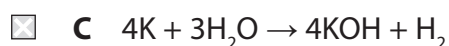
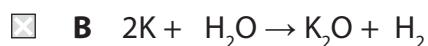
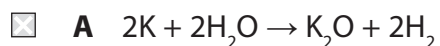
(i) Describe what you would **see** in this reaction.

(2)

(ii) Which of these is the balanced equation for this reaction?

Put a cross (☒) in the box next to your answer.

(1)



(c) There is an increase in reactivity of these group 1 metals from lithium to potassium.

Explain this increase in reactivity.

(2)

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(Total for Question 2 = 8 marks)

- 3 (a) Argon is an element in Group 0 of the periodic table.
It is used as the gas in filament lamps.

Complete the sentence by putting a cross (☒) in the box next to your answer.

Argon is used in filament lamps because it

(1)

- A** has a low density
- B** is a good conductor of electricity
- C** is flammable
- D** is inert

- (b) Metals are malleable.

Explain, in terms of their structures, why metals are malleable.

(2)

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- (c) In an experiment, 3.1 g of phosphorus reacted with 24 g of bromine to form phosphorus bromide.

Calculate the empirical formula of the phosphorus bromide.

You must show your working.

(relative atomic masses: P = 31, Br = 80)

(3)

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empirical formula

4 There are many metallic elements in the periodic table.

(a) Which row of the table correctly shows two metals that are in group 1 and two metals that are transition metals?

Put a cross (☒) in the box next to your answer.

(1)

	group 1	transition metals
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A	lithium and zinc	calcium and copper
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> B	potassium and caesium	copper and iron
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> C	sodium and potassium	copper and magnesium
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> D	sodium and magnesium	manganese and nickel

(b) (i) Describe the structure of metals in terms of the particles present in their structures.

(2)

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(ii) Explain how metals conduct electricity.

(2)

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(c) (i) Describe what you would **see** when a small piece of sodium is added to water.

(2)

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(ii) Write the balanced equation for the reaction of sodium with water to form sodium hydroxide and hydrogen.

(3)

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(Total for Question 4 = 10 marks)
